

**Table E15.cap. Electricity installed generating capacity: Australia and New Zealand, Low Zero-carbon Technology Cost case**

gigawatts

<b>Fuel</b>	<b>2022</b>	<b>2025</b>	<b>2030</b>	<b>2035</b>	<b>2040</b>	<b>2045</b>	<b>2050</b>	<b>Average annual percentage change, 2022–2050</b>
Liquid fuels	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	-12.1%
Natural gas	25	25	25	20	15	12	12	-2.6%
Coal	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	0.0%
Nuclear	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0%
Renewables	48	56	62	73	85	105	117	3.2%
Hydro	12	14	16	16	16	16	16	1.1%
Wind	11	16	19	25	28	29	30	3.5%
Geothermal	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0.0%
Solar	23	24	26	30	39	58	70	4.0%
Other	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0.1%
Battery storage	0	0	0	0	1	8	13	--
Pumped hydro	2	4	4	4	4	4	4	3.1%
<b>Total capacity</b>	<b>105</b>	<b>114</b>	<b>120</b>	<b>125</b>	<b>133</b>	<b>157</b>	<b>174</b>	<b>1.8%</b>

Data source: U.S. Energy Information Administration, World Energy Projection System (2023), run lz\_230821.151531

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.